STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	SF-790019	1	12

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY	ROWAN					
	DESCRIPT	ION REP	LACE	BRIDGE	NO. 19	<b>OVER</b>
	IS CREEK					
SITE DES	SCRIPTION _					

#### **CONTENTS**

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1	TITLE SHEET
2, 2A	LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)
3	SITE PLAN
4, 5	CROSS SECTION(S)
6-9	BORE LOG(S)
10	SOIL TEST RESULTS
II	SITE PHOTOGRAPH(S)

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C. SMITH
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DRAWN BYG. F. THILL
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SUBMITTED BY K. B. MILLER

**PERSONNEL** 

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY DIPPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 199) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

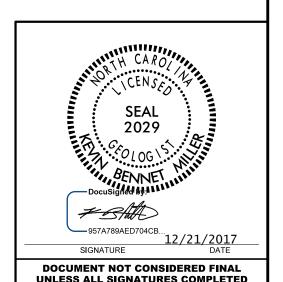
CEMERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IMP-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOL. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE OR INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

  1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.



DATE DECEMBER 2017

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
SF-790012	2

# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

														(1 2	IUL	1 OF 2)						
						SC	IL	DES	CRI	PTI	ON					GRADATION						
BE PENE ACCORI IS CONSIST	TRAT DING BASE ENCY	ED WI FO THI D ON COLO	TH A ( E STAN THE A R, TEX	CONTIN NDARD ASHTO TURE, I	NUOUS PENE SYS1 MOIST	FLIC TRAT TEM. I	MI-CC SHT PI ION T BASIC AASH1	ONSOLI OWER 'EST ( ' DESC TO CL	DATE AUGE AASH RIPTI ASSIF	D. OR R AND TO T ONS I ICATI	WEATI YIEL 206, A GENERI ON, AN	D LES STM C ALLY I D OTHI	EARTH MA S THAN 100 1586). SOIL NCLUDE TH ER PERTINE	BLOWS PI CLASSIFI FOLLOWI	ER FOOT CATION NG: RS SUCH	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.  UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.  GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.  ANGULARITY OF GRAINS						
'	AS MI VERY	STIFF	.GRAY,S	SILTY C	LAY, MC	NST W	ITH IN	VTERBE	DDED	FINE	SAND	LAYER	Y, ETC. FOI S.HIGHLY PLA	ISTIC, A-7-6	•	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.						
GENERAL		•		LE JLAR M			DNA	AA:			LAS		CATION	<u> </u>		MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION						
CLASS.			(≤ 357	PASSI		00)			( > 3	7, PAS	SING .	(00)		GANIC MATER	IALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.						
GROUP CLASS.		A-1-E	A-3	_	4 A-2	A-2 -5 A-2	2-6 A-	_	-4	A-5	A-6	A-7 A-7-5 A-7-6	A-1, A-2 A-3	A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7		COMPRESSIBILITY						
SYMBOL		00000					33	S		. N					***********	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50						
% PASSING	0000	00000	4	3-102-11-	*****		. 74 74	95.00	5091009*					SILT-		HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50						
*10 *40 *200		50 M	51 MN K 10 MX		X 35 I	4X 35	MX 35	5 MX 36	MN :	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	GRANULAR SOILS	CLAY SOILS	MUCK, PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL  GRANULAR SILT - CLAY  ORGANIC MATERIAL  SOILS  SOILS  OTHER MATERIAL						
MATERIAL PASSING *40 LL PI	6	– мх	– NP					I MN 46			40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	LITT	WITH LE OR ERATE	HIGHLY	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%  LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%  MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%  HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE						
GROUP INDEX	-	0	0		0		4 MX	8	МХ	12 MX	16 MX	NO MX	AMOUN	ITS OF ANIC	ORGANIC SOILS	GROUND WATER						
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	GRAV	FRAGS EL, AND AND				or Cl . and			SILT SOIL		CLA SO			ITER		▼ water level in Bore hole immediately after drilling ▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS						
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE							) POOR			POOR	UNSUITABLE	<u>∨pw</u> PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA  O-MN► SPRING OR SEEP										
			PI OF					L - 30					> LL - 30	•								
			Т	COMP					RANG	E OF	STANE	ARD		GE OF UNC	ONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS						
PRIMARY	SOIL	TYPE		CON	NSIST	ENCY		PE	NETR	(N-VA	RESIS	TENCE	COMP	RESSIVE S		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES						
GRANUL MATERI	GENERALLY VERY LOOSE GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE MATERIAL DENSE (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE			Ξ			4 TI 10 T	0 10 0 30 0 50			N/A		SOIL SYMBOL  SOIL									
GENERA SILT-C MATERI (COHES	LAY IAL			VE MED	RY S	OFT T STIFF F TIFF	;			2 T 4 T 8 TI	2 0 4 0 8 0 15 0 30			< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 TO 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4	0.5 1.0 ?	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY  OF CORE BORING  SOUNDING ROD  TEST BORING WITH CORE  TEST BORING WITH CORE  TEST BORING WITH CORE  TORE  TORE  SPT N-VALUE						
					TE	ΧTι	JRE	OR	GR	AIN	SIZ	Έ				RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS						
U.S. STD. SI OPENING (N	(M)				4.	4 .76	10 2.0	0	40 0.42 DARS		60 0.25	200 0.07! FINE	5 <b>0.0</b> 53			UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE  UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE  UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION -						
BOULDE (BLDR			(COB.)			AVEL GR.)			SAND SE. SI			SANI (F SI	)   '	SILT (SL.)	(CL.)	UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBHINKMENT ON BHLKFILL  ABBRE VIATIONS						
GRAIN MI SIZE IN	۱.		SOIL		DIST	TURI	2.0		RE		0.25 ION	OF	ø.ø5 TERMS	0.005	5	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7 <sub>d</sub> - DRY UNIT WEIGHT						
			SCAL IMITS					MOIST RIPTIC			GUIDE	FOR	FIELD MOI	STURE DES	SCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC  DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS						
LL PLASTIC		LIQUII	D LIMI	ĮΤ	_	- 1	SATUR (SA)	RATED	-				OUID; VERY V THE GRO			DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST         SAP SAPROLITIC         S - BULK           e - VOID RATIO         SD SAND, SANDY         SS - SPLIT SPOON           F - FINE         SL SILT, SILTY         ST - SHELBY TUBE           FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS         SLI SLIGHTLY         RS - ROCK						
RANGE <		PLAS1	IC LI	MIT	_	- '	WET	- (W)					REQUIRES IMUM MOIS		)	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS # - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO						
	OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAF			R NEAR OF	PTIMUM MO	DISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:															
	- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE						0	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL  6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:														
							PL	AST	ICI	TΥ						CME-55   X 8* HOLLOW AUGERS   CORE 512E:						
							PLAS	TICIT		EX (	P <u>I)</u>		DF	RY STRENC		X CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N						
SL MO	IGHTL DERA		PLAST	ıc				6 16	-5 -15 -25					VERY LOW SLIGHT MEDIUM	1	VANE SHEAR TEST						
HIC	SHLY	PLAS	TIC					26 OF		RE				HIGH		PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE*STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER						
									BINA				YELLOW-B ESCRIBE A			TRICONE						

### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 2 OF 2)

ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN I.FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.

ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: 115115 NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES 3 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IONEQUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC. CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK WEATHERING **ERESH** ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS II OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. (V SLI.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO SLIGHT 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN MODERATE GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT SEVERE REDUCED IN STRENOTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. (SEV.) IF TESTED. WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED HARD TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE

		WATED READILY WITH POINT OF Y FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCF	
FRACTURE	SPACING	BEDDI	NG
TERM	SPACING	<u>TERM</u>	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET

VERY THINLY BEDDED THICKLY LAMINATED

EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED

CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.

CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE

CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.

BY MODERATE BLOWS.

POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

0.16 TO 1 FOOT

LESS THAN 0.16 FEET

MEDILIM

HARD

SOFT

VERY

VERY CLOSE

#### THINLY LAMINATED INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS. GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE: EXTREMELY INDURATED SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

#### TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.

AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</u> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

- A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

 $\underline{\mathsf{FLOAT}}$  - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM, FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

 $\underline{\mathsf{LEOGE}}$  - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVINIS STRATIM AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

<u>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</u> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - I - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

BENCH MARK: CONTROL POINT 'B5366 GPS-2' NEAR SW CORNER OF EXISTING STRUCTURE (EBI-B)

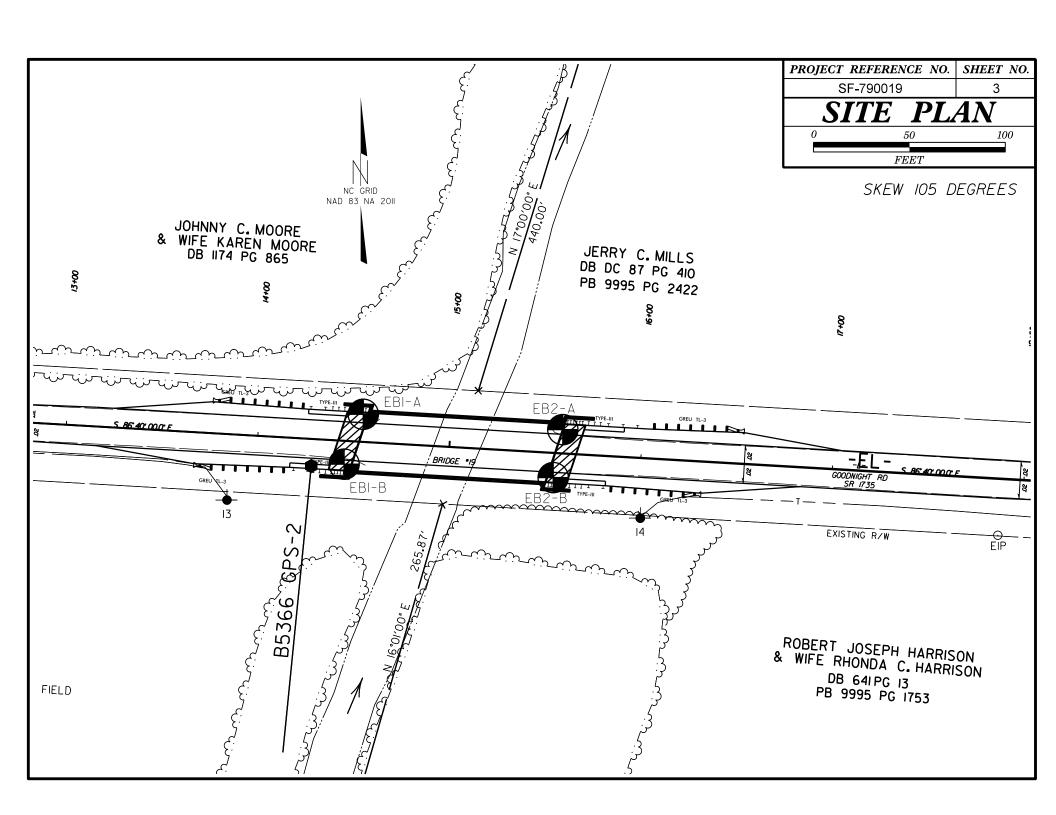
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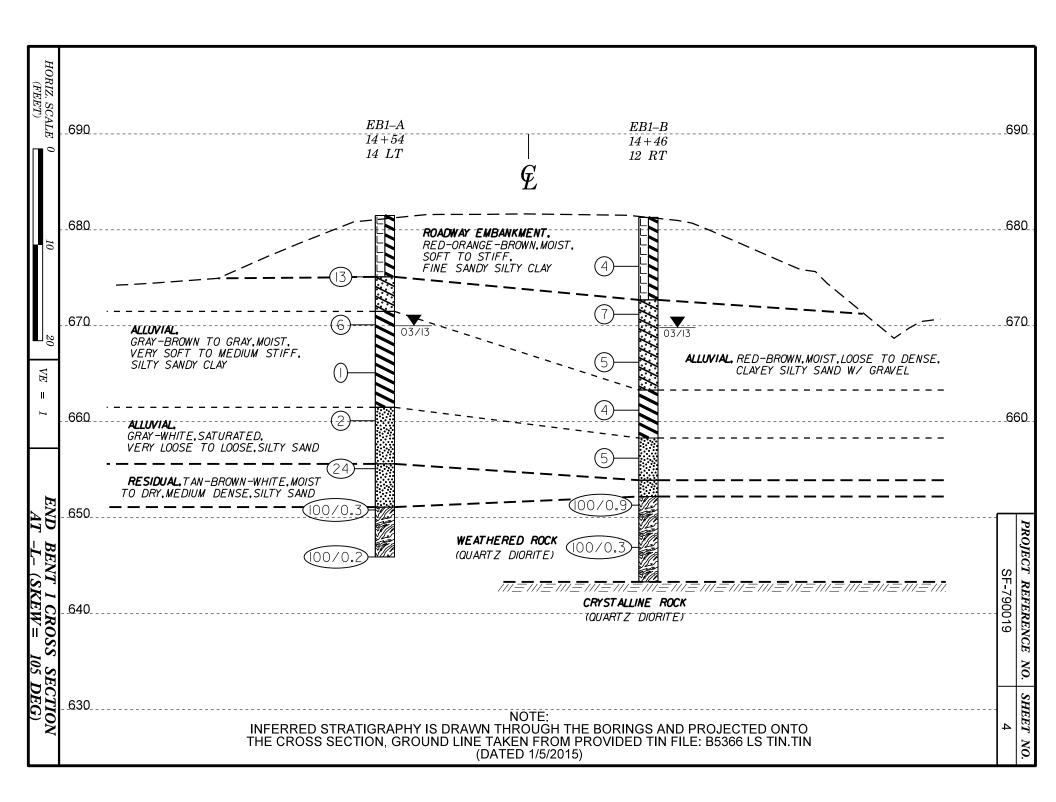
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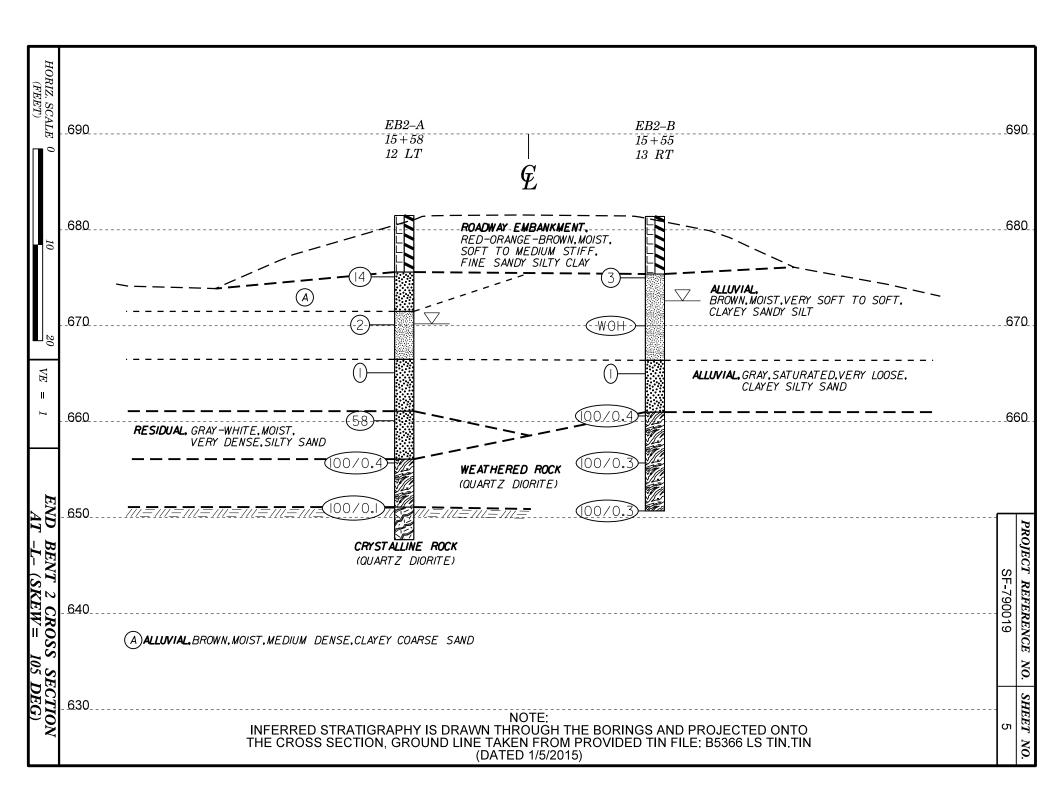
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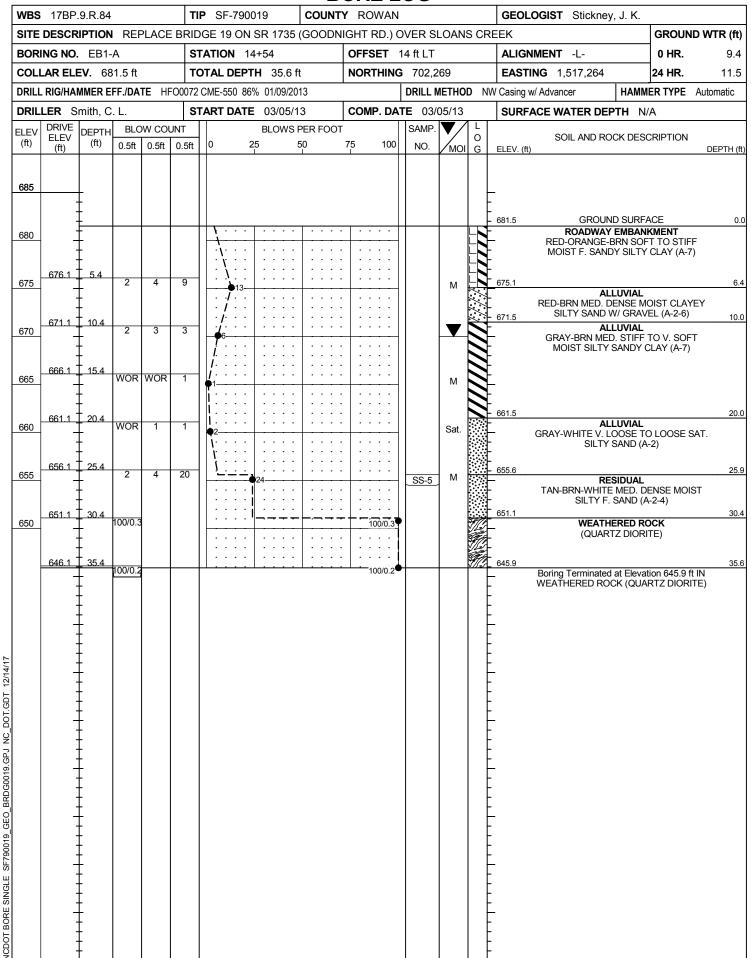
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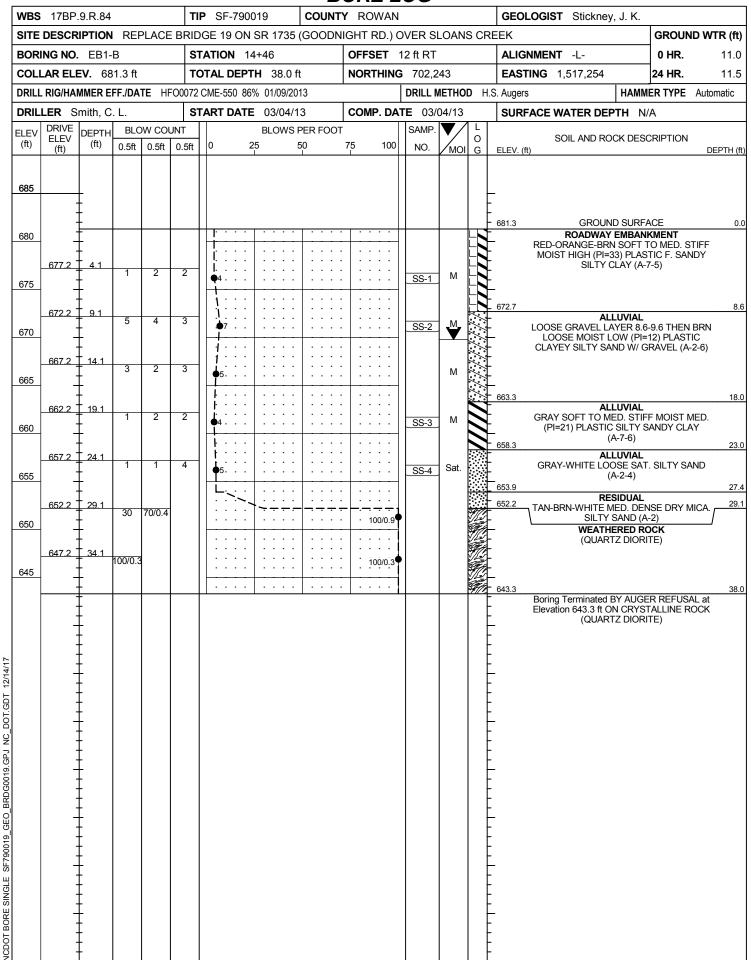
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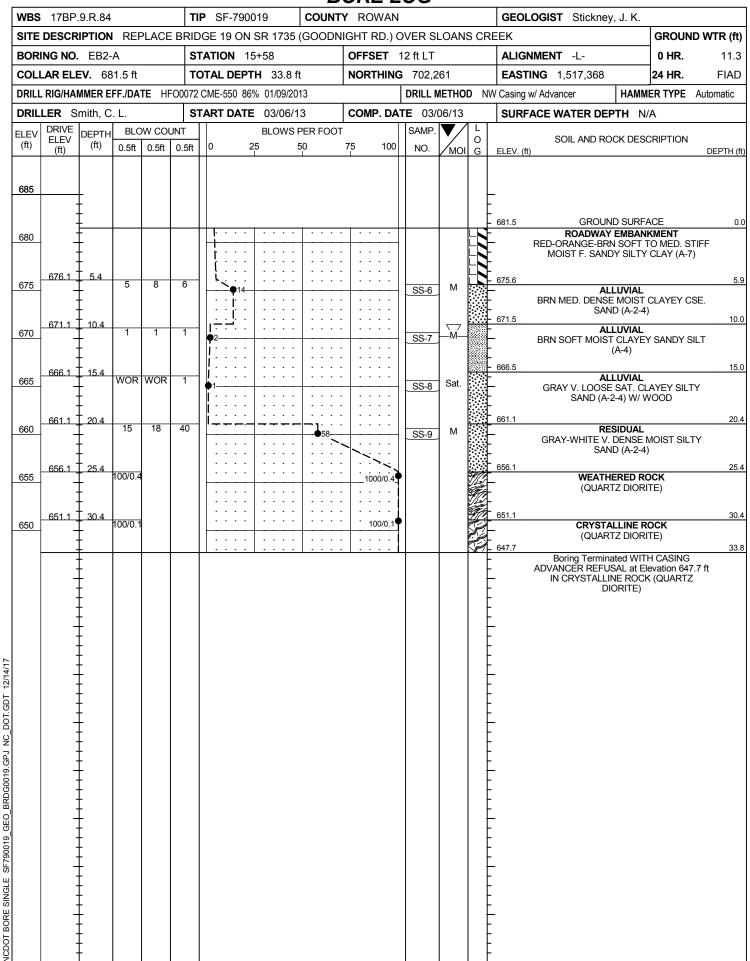


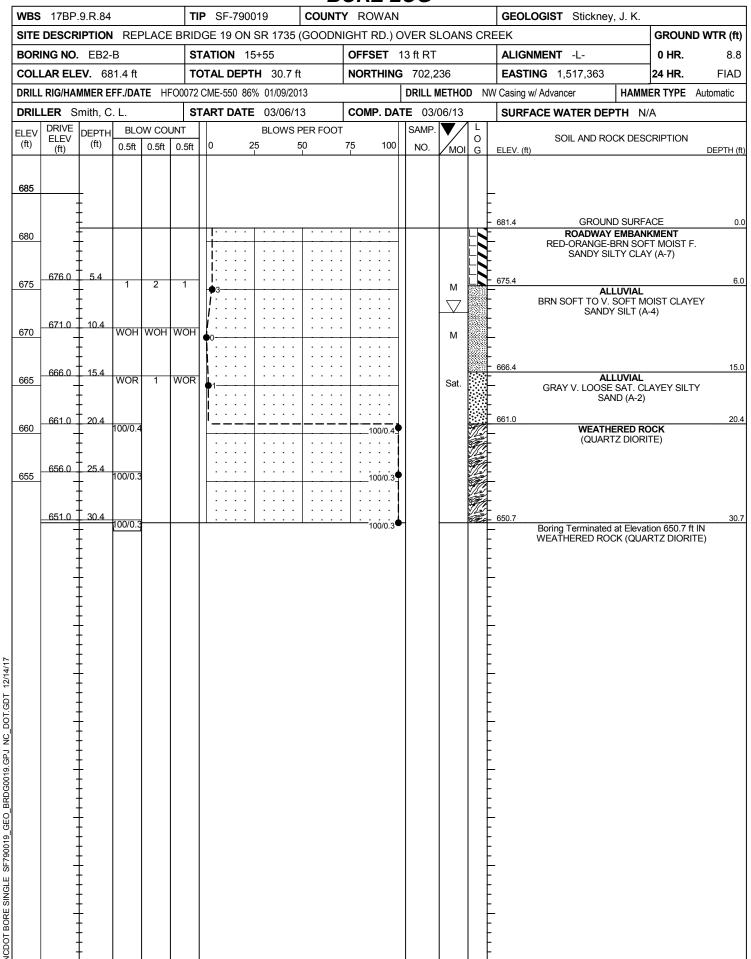












PROJ. NO. - 17BP.9.R.84 ID NO. - SF-790019 COUNTY - ROWAN

EB1-B

LDI-D															
	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO	% BY WEIGHT					% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%	
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-1	14+46	12RT	4.6-5.6	A-7-5(27)	67	33	4.7	14.6	28.2	52.6	86	84	74	-	-
SS-2	14+46	12RT	9.6-10.6	A-2-6(0)	31	12	41.1	24.1	18.7	16.2	84	63	33	-	-
SS-3	14+46	12RT	19.6-20.6	A-7-6(11)	42	21	14.8	29.1	23.8	32.4	100	94	61	-	-
SS-4	14+46	12RT	24.6-25.6	A-2-4(0)	22	NP	47.3	33.6	11.0	8.1	99	72	22	-	-

EB1-A

	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO					% PASSING (SIEVES)		%	%			
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-5	14+54	14LT	25.9-26.9	A-2-4(0)	23	NP	25.3	53.0	15.7	6.1	100	90	31	-	-

EB2-A

<u>EDZ-A</u>															
	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO		%	BY WEIG	HT		% PAS	SING (S	IEVES)		%	%
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-6	15+58	13LT	5.9-6.9	A-2-4(0)	24	5	56.8	22.6	8.4	12.1	97	61	23	-	-
SS-7	15+58	13LT	10.9-11.9	A-4(1)	29	9	24.3	37.8	17.7	20.2	100	93	41	-	-
SS-8	15+58	13LT	15.9-16.9	A-2-4(0)	32	NP	35.8	41.1	13.0	10.1	100	85	26	-	11.4
SS-9	15+58	13LT	20.9-21.9	A-2-4(0)	22	NP	43.2	33.4	17.4	6.1	93	62	29	-	-

## **SITE PHOTOGRAPH**

Bridge No. 19 on SR 1735 over Sloans Creek

